



EUROPEAN **YOUTH** PARLIAMENT PORTUGAL

# Tópicos de Discussão

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# Tópicos de Discussão

## Committee on Constitutional Affairs (AFCO)

**I have a dream:** The voter turnout for 2019 elections increased drastically to 50,6%, which was the first time the 50% threshold has been passed since 1994. This increase could be attributed to greater youth participation, showing young people's desire to be active citizens. How can the EU further support political participation in young people?

## Committee on Climate Change (CLIM)

**Sailing green:** The maritime sector currently makes up about 11 per cent of the EU transport carbon dioxide emissions which are predicted to increase by more than 30 per cent by 2050. How can the EU reduce emissions from the sector, both in navigation and at berth, bearing in mind the EU and international climate objectives?

## Committee on Culture and Education (CULT)

**Face the Shadow:** Several European countries promote the positive aspects of their history without acknowledging their most repressive and dehumanising legacies. Since this sanitisation of the past could have detrimental impacts on society at large, what concrete steps can be taken at both European and national levels to improve public recognition of those who have suffered from oppression, colonisation and crimes against humanity now and in the past?

## Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON)

**Hello sharks:** With only 7% of young people in the EU being self-employed in 2022, and considering the incentives for solo trading as a young entrepreneur are diminishing, what can the EU do to ensure a competitive market while also making it accessible to entry-level entrepreneurs?



## Committee on International Trade (INTA)

**From Europe to South America:** The dynamics of international trade cooperation between Mercosur and the European Union hold significant implications for the economic development of both regions. How can the EU cooperate with Mercosur countries to promote fair trade practices and contribute to global economic stability?

## Committee on Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs (LIBE)

**Shh, they're listening:** In 2020, the spyware Pegasus was found on at least 65 phones belonging to prominent political figures in Spain. Considering the rising numbers of global cyber attacks, how can the EU improve the cyber resilience of infrastructure in order to protect the privacy of its citizens?

## Defense and Security Committee (DSC)

**We're better together:** With the ongoing war in Ukraine the discussion about an expansion of NATO and the creation of a European Army is coming up again. After the USA and the EU, NATO Member States have the third highest military budget combined. Is a further integration of the European forces necessary with NATO and US standards, and how could that look like?

## Science and Technology Committee (STC)

**I Always Feel like Someone's Watching Me:** With AI and technological advances rapidly growing in the past 10 years, increasing nation state weaponry powers, what stance can NATO take on ensuring this new technology is not maliciously used while also promoting innovation in the region?